

Legal Framework

- Federal Constitution
- International Treaties:
 - Industrial Property:
 - Paris Convention
 - Trips
 - PCT
 - Upov 1978 PVP
 - Copyright:
 - Bern Convention
 - Universal Convention



Industrial Property

- Law 9,279 May 14, 1996
 - Patents
 - Industrial Designs
 - Trademarks
 - Transfer of Technology
 - Franchising & Licenses
 - Geopgraphical Indications
 - Infringements and Enforcement
 - Unfair competition



Copyright

- Law 9,609 1998
 - Software Protection under Copyright
 - Registration at Patent and Trademark Office INPI
- Law 9,610 Feb. 19, 1998
 - Rights of authorship and neighboring rights
 - Moral rights and economic rights

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Patentability Requirements

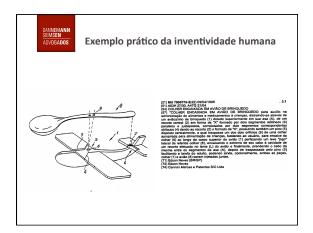
- Novelty
 - subject matter of unpublished Brazilian applications is considered only for novelty analysis
- Inventive Activity
- Industrial Applicability
- Sufficiency

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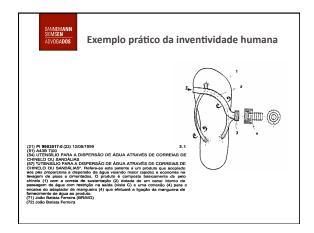
Exemplo prático da inventividade humana

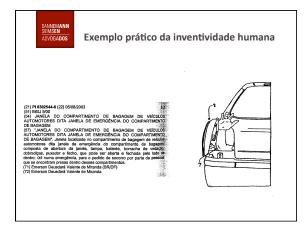


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Not considered inventions (1)

- I <u>discoveries, scientific theories and mathematical</u> methods;
- II purely <u>abstract</u> concepts;
- III schemes, plans, principles or methods of a <u>commercial</u>, accounting, financial, educational, publishing, lottery or fiscal nature;

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Not considered inventions (2)

- IV literary, architectural, artistic and scientific works or any aesthetic creation;
- V <u>computer programmes</u> per se;
- VI the <u>presentation of information</u>;
- VII <u>rules of games</u>;

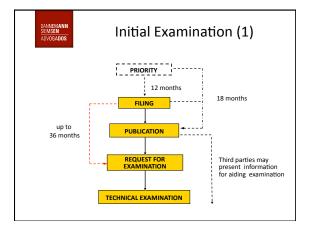
Not considered inventions (3)

- VIII operating or surgical techniques and therapeutic or diagnostic methods, for use on the human or animal body;
- IX <u>natural living beings</u>, in whole or in part, and biological material, including the genome or germ plasm of any natural living being, when <u>found in nature or isolated</u> therefrom, and natural biological processes.

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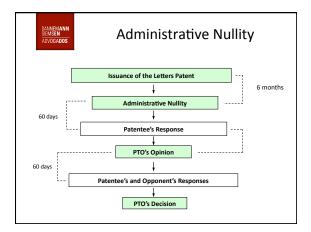
Not patentable

- I that which is <u>contrary to morals</u>, good customs and public security, order and health;
- II substances, matter, mixtures, elements or products of any kind, as well as the modification of their physical-chemical properties and the respective processes of obtaining or modifying them, when they result from the transformation of the atomic nucleus;
- III living beings, in whole or in part, except transgenic microorganisms meeting the three patentability requirements (...) and which are not mere discoveries



Issuance

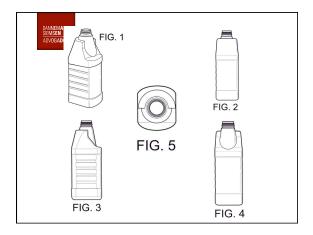
- Patent term 20 years from filing or 10 years from grant, whichever is longer
 <u>Divisional</u>: it has the same expiry date and filing date of the original application
 - <u>Certificate of Addition</u>: it has the same expiry date of the original application/ patent; however the filing date is different from the original application/patent
- After issuance, interested parties may request administrative nullity of the patent within 6 months of issue
- Patentee is notified to reply the nullity request
- Intermediary report is issued; both parties may submit additional comments
- A decision is issued maintaining or cancelling the patent

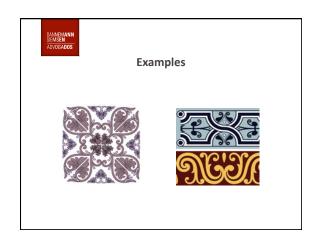


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Industrial Designs

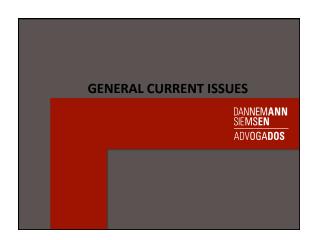
- Term: 10 years of protection, plus three extensions of 5 years possible, totaling 25 years;
- Requirements: absolute novelty, originality, possibility of industrial manufacture.
- Automatic registration after formalities examination. Examination on merits is possible under request by the applicant.
- Nullity proceedings may be instituted ex officio (when contrary to the legal requirements) or at the request of any person having a legitimate interest within 5 years from grant of the registration



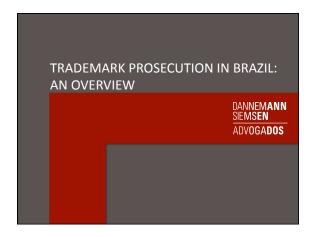




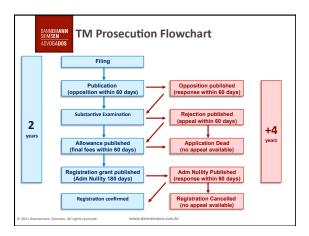


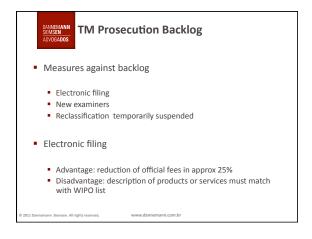


"Fast-Track" Examination • Resolution # 191/2008 (i) the applicant is an individual over 60 (sixty) years old (evidence: identification document); (ii) the subject matter of the application is being reproduced by unauthorized parties (prima facie proof of infringement and a copy of the cease and desist letter sent to and duly received by the unauthorized third party); (iii) grant of the patent is a condition for obtaining financial loans from official credit institutions (evidence: copy of the request made to the agency/institution and a copy of the document that requires the grant of the patent as a condition for the release of the resources).



TM Prosecution Highlights First to file system. Multiclass applications not allowed. Japanese characters are considered "device marks". Tip: search for "device mark", "meaning" and "transliteration"









DANNEMANN SIEMSEN ADVOGA DOS	Special protection: well-known marks
Special (art. 12	protection without prior registration in Brazil 6)
Requisi	tes:
■ Fame	e in Brazil to specialized consumers
Appl	ication filed in Brazil (within 60 days if not yet filed)
■ Use i	n Brazil is <u>not</u> a requisite
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DANNEMANN SIEMSEN ADVOGADOS	Special protection: dilution
Protect 130)	tion of reputation and distinctive power (art.

Requisites:

• Registration or application in Brazil

Risk against reputation or distinctive power

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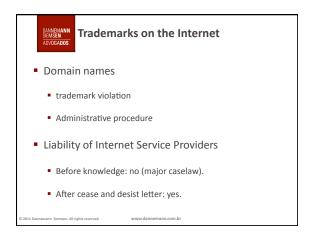
Special protection: prior use

- Protection of marks which are in use but have not been applied for registration (art. 129)
- Requisites:
 - Use for more than 6 months prior to the opposition
 - Likelihood of confusion
- Controversy: when these rights may be enforced?

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 IP infringement 	
Criminal offense and tort	
Criminal remedies	
 Search and seizure 	
Criminal complaint against representatives of defendant	
 Prison terms 	
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DANNEYANAN BEMASEN ADVIGGADOS	
 Civil remedies Search and seizure 	
 Preliminary and permanent injunctions 	
DamagesPlaintiff's lost profits	
Infringer's profitsReasonable royalty	
	-
	•
Patent infringement action	
Patent infringement action ADVOIGABLE Typical procedure	
No discovery	
Possible prior criminal search and seizure	
Seizure of samples	
Expert report by judge-appointed experts Complaint filed at state court.	
Complaint filed at state court Preliminary injunction request	
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Expert examinationTrial decision on the merits



Patent infringement action

- · Preliminary injunctions
 - Possibly ex parte
 - Generally enjoins defendant of performing offending acts on penalty of paying daily fee
 - Possible search and seizure of all infringing articles
 - Main criteria
 - Urgency risk of irreparable harm
 Delay in filing complaint

 - Likelihood of success
 - Technical opinion(s) grounding complaint
 - - Foreign plaintiff



Patent Infringement Litigation in Brazil

- Process patents reversal of burden of proof
- Statutory infringement by equivalency and contributory infringement
- Imported product manufactured by patented process is an infringement
- Patent applications collecting damages for acts between publication and grant or prior to publication if infringer duly notified.



Litigation overview - Brazilian court system

- Dual structure
 - IP rights infringement State courts
 - IP validity Federal courts

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Infringement actions – State courts

- Venue
 - Generally defendant seat
 - Where infringement occurs
- No IP specialized courts except in Rio de Janeiro
- IP specialized Court of Appeals in São Paulo
- State appeal courts at the capital of each state

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Patent enforcement

- Myths and truths
- Difficult to obtain legal remedies
- Easy to design around
 - Broad claim interpretation
 - Statutory infringement by equivalence
- Slow court procedure
- Lack of expertise of the judges
- Bias against foreigners



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CHANGEMANN AUTOGRAPUS Nullity actions	
Administrative: Patent and Trademark Office	
 Deadline: 6 months from granting notice 	
bedunie. 6 months worn granting notice	
Judicial: Federal Courts	
■ Deadline: 5 years from granting notice (trademarks)	
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SEMSEN AUGGARDS Nullity actions	
Possibility to stop use of the mark in same action.	
Injunction available.	
 Damages available. 	
- Damages available.	
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SEMSEN Tips for enforcement	
• Where to litigate?	
General rule: defendant's domicile or place of damages	
■ Tip: exceptions	
i) place of the infringement;	
ii) possibility of including retailers as co-defendants;	
iii) Internet (widespread infringement).	



PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION

The International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) is an intergovernmental organization with headquarters in Geneva (Switzerland).

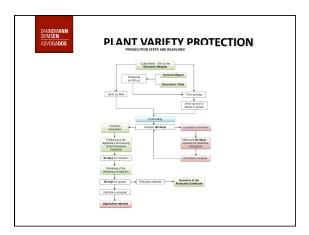
UPOV was established by the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. The Convention was adopted in Paris in 1961 and it was revised in 1972, 1978 and 1991. The objective of the Convention is the protection of new varieties of plants by an intellectual property right.

Brazil is a member of UPOV since May 23, 1999 and adopted the UPOV's 1978 Act (Decree # 3,109 of June 30, 1999).

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PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION

- UPOV's 1978 Act X 1991 Act:
- 1978 The rights of the holder reaches only the material of reproduction or vegetative multiplication of the whole plant.
- 1991 The rights of the holder reaches the commercial harvest product (the grain that goes to industry / trade). Also, the protection extends to all plants (plant kingdom).
- Brazilian Plant Variety Protection Law # 9,456 of April 25, 1997 adopted the provisions of UPOV's 1978 Act.
- The obtainer is required to apply for registration of its variety in the National Plant Variety Service (SNPC).



PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION

Term of Protection (Plant Variety Law # 9,456/97 - PVP Law)

15 years counted from the grant of the Provisional Protection Certificate, except for grapevines, fruit trees, forestal trees, ornamental trees (including graftholder), for which their term will be 18 years.

Protectable Plant Varieties in Brazil

Cotton, Rice, Oat, Tabacco, Wheat, Soybean, Sugar Cane, Sorgho, etc.

see full list at: http://www.aaricultura.aov.br/veaetal/reaistros-autorizacoes/protecao-cultivares/formularios-protecao-cultivare



EXCLUSIONS FROM PROTECTION

- a) when a producer saves seeds for his own use in his land ("non-limited saving seeds exemption");
- b) when a producer uses or sells the product of his plantation as foodstuff or raw material, EXCEPT for reproductive purposes;
- c) when a producer uses the plant variety as a source of variation for the purpose of genetic improvement or in scientific research ("breeding exemption"), EXCEPT if the original plant variety must be repeatedly used or in case of essentially derived varieties.



ENFORCEMENT OF A PVP RIGHT

- article 37 of the PVP Law whoever sells, offers for sale, reproduces, imports, exports, including packing or storing for these purposes, or assigns in any way, a propagating material of a protected plant variety, with or without the correct denomination, without the authorizations of its owner
- PVP Law provides for civil remedies (seizure, damages and fee payment), but no criminal penalties (article 37).

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Unfair Competition

- Trade secrets;
- Trade Dress;
- Fraudulent means to obtain third party's clientele;
- Confidential Data submitted to government bodies;
- Employees breach of loyalty;



Penalty for unfair competition

- Crime: prison up to one years;
- Civil tort : damages, injunctive relief, court orders and attachment of assets.

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Protection of Trade Secrets

- Patents x Trade secrets
- Industrial espionage
- Counter-measures
- Legal remedies available



Transfer of Technology & Licenses

- Agreements recordable with INPI
- Production of effects;
- Remittance of royalties
- Fiscal dedcution;
- Review "prima facie" of competition rules;
- Visa and labor effects.



Transfer of Technology

- Non-patented know-how agreements;
- Patent license;
- Trademark or design licenses;
- Technical services;
- Franchising;
- Cost sharing agreements;



Transfer of Technology

- Term of the patent or trademark registration license:
- Know-how up to 5 years, renewable for another 5 year term;
- Technical services invoices or agreements billing time or effective cost

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ADVOGA DOS

Software

- Copyright Law Principles
- 50 years protection.
- Protection irrespective of registration
- Registration at INPI.



Software

- Limitation of moral rights;
- Ownership by employers or contracting party;



Copyright

- Moral rights:
 - -non-waivable, unassignable
- -Economic rights:
 - -70 year protection as of Jan after death
- _
- -Legal entities
- Data base protection
- Selection of content



Copyright

- -Collective Works ownership by specific contract;
- -Assignment of rights Labor contract and specific contract.

