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XBA XAVIER BRAGANÇA ADVOGADOS	
A D V O G A D O S	
Brazilian Company Formation by Foreign Residents	
Incorporation Process Limitations to foreign investment; Corporate form options;	
Main aspects: Limitadas x Corporations; Necessary information and documentation.	
Required Registrations Trade Board; Federal Revenue Office; Central Bank of Brazil;	
Other registrations and formalities. Estimate Timing	
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Incorporation Process	
Limitations to foreign investment	
Civil aviation;	
 Journalism and broadcasting; Coastal navigation; Security services. 	
Prohibitions to foreign investment	
 Nuclear Energy; Aerospace Industry (launching of satellites and other vehicles or modules); 	
 Post office and telegraphs; Health assistance 	
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Incorporation Process

Corporate form options

- Most widely adopted forms of corporate organization in Brazil:
- Limited liability companies ("Limitadas"), regulated by Brazilian Civil Code (Law #
- Corporations ("Sociedades por Ações"), regulated by Brazilian Corporation Law (Law # 6.404/1976)

Incorporation Process

Corporate form options

- Regulated by the Brazilian Civil Code, Decree # 5.664/2006 and Normative Ruling # 81/1999;
- Lengthy process;
- Incorporation and future amendments subject to authorization from the Executive Power: delegation of powers to the Ministry of Development, Industry and Foreign Trade.
- On January 11 , 2012: EIRELI the individual limited liability company
- Created by Law # 12.441/2011;
- Separation of personal assets from business assets;
- Paid-in capital of at least 100x minimum wage;
- One EIRELI per investor.

Incorporation Process

Key aspects: Limitadas x Corporations

LIMITADAS

CORPORATIONS

Incorporation • Entry into an incorporation

- agreement and approval of the articles of association;
- At least 2 quotaholders (either individuals or entities).

Corporate Capital

- Represented by quotas (amount of money, rights or assets contributed to the company)
- ■No minimum capital requirement;
- No need to fully pay-in at incorporation;
- Capital may be paid-in cash or assets (no need for an appraisal report).

- Incorporation

 •Prospective shareholders hold a meeting to approve incorporation and to approve the by-laws;

 *At least 2 shareholders.

Corporate Capital

- ■Types and classes of shares; •2 types of shares; common and preferred (non-voting or limited voting);
- ■No minimum capital requirement;
- ■10% pay-in in cash at incorporation;
- Capital may be paid-in in cash or assets (appraisal report is mandatory).

Incorporation Process Key aspects: Limitadas x Corporations CORPORATIONS Liability Liability Limited to the amount of capital subscribed by each quotaholder; Limited to the issue price of the shares subscribed or acquired. •All quotaholders have joint liability for paying-in the total capital. Management - Complex ■Board of Directors (Conselho de Administração): optional, except for authorized capital companies; Management - Simple ■Executive Committee (*Diretoria*): at least 2 officers, resident in Brazil; ■At least 1 officer; Only individuals resident in Brazil. One third of the Board may also be part of the Executive Committee.

Incorporation Process Key aspects: Limitadas x Corporations LIMITADAS Transfer of Quotas *Requires amendment to the company's articles of association; *Only closely held companies; *No sale of securities to the market. Dividend *No minimum required. *Possible unequal distributions. Incorporations Transfer of Shares *Carried out upon record in the company's corporate books; *May be closely or publicly held. Dividend *If the by-laws do not provide for a dividend — minimum of 25% applies; *No flexibility for unequal distributions.

Institutional Formalities *Quotaholders' annual meeting; *Publications at the Official Gazette are not required, with few exceptions (i.e. capital reduction, liquidation, splits, mergers, Fs of large cap limitadas R5 240 million assets or R5 300 million turnover); *Quotaholders' Meeting and Officers' Meeting books. *Unitable Promalities *Shareholders' annual meeting; *Corporate deeds (i.e. minutes of Standardina) for widely circulated newspaper; *Cuprate books: Share Registry and Share Transfer; Shareholders' Meeting Minutes; Executive Committee's Meeting Minutes.

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Incorporation Process	
Other information	
Address of the headquarters;	
List of corporate purposes; Other special clauses the founders would like to include in the charter	
documents (i.e. limitations on management etc.).	
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Incorporation Process	
Necessary documentation	
 Power of Attorney from each foreign quotaholder/shareholder to receive service of process in connection with corp. litigation and take corp. action; 	
Corporate documentation of each foreign corporate quotaholder/shareholder – evidence of existence and power to grant PoA;	
 Personal identification documents of each individual foreign quotaholder/ shareholder and officers and/or directors (ID card or passport, and enrollment number with the federal taxpayers registry — CPF and CNPJ, as applicable). 	
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Incorporation Process	
Required Legalization Documents executed outside of Brazil must be:	
- notarized and legalized by the Brazilian Consulate of the jurisdiction of execution;	
 translated into Portuguese by a sworn translator; and registered with the Registry of Titles and Deeds. 	

Registration Requirements

Trade Board

- Filing in with the competent Trade Board State of Choice (branches have to be registered):
- Payment of applicable fees.

Federal Revenue Office

- Tax ID numbers (CNPJ/CPF) for the Company and non-resident shareholders;
- Appointing legal representatives in Brazil with powers to act on their behalf before tax authorities and receive services of process.

Registration Requirements

Central Bank of Brazil

- Registering the foreign partner CADEMP registration numbers;
- Registering foreign investment in Central Bank's electronic systems (RDE-IED)
- Paying-in at incorporation: appointment of a representative to receive the investment on behalf of the company.

Other registrations and formalities

- Registration with Municipal (ISS/Service Tax) and State Authorities (ICMS/VAT);
- Registration with INSS (Brazilian Social Security) and Caixa Econômica Federal (FGTS/ statutory severance fund);
- Opening and authenticating corporate and accounting books.

Estimate Timing

- Sworn translation of foreign documents --- 3 to 5 days;
- Registration of foreign documents with the Registry of Titles and Deeds --- 2 days;
- Registration of foreign shareholders with CNPJ or CPF and with CADEMP --- 2 to 3 days:
- Registration of corporate documents with the Trade Board --- 5 business days;
- Company's registration with CNPJ --- 5 business days;
- Company's registration with CADEMP and investor's RDE-IED --- 1 to 2 days,
- Company's registration with Municipal and State authorities --- 20 business days;
- TOTAL INCORPORATION TIME 20-22 BUSINESS DAYS FULL REGISTRATION READY TO OPERATE 40 BUSINESS DAYS OR LESS
- Shelf companies 5 to 10 business days;
- Visas for foreign managers may take as much as 3 to 4 months;

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